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LOW OPTICAL ABSORPTION MEASUREMENT REPORT

SAMPLE: PO6825

Request from		Testing institute	
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Contact person	Ugnius Gimževskis	Tester	Urtė Kimbaraitė
Inquiry ID	3495	Sale order	SO4502
Purchase order	PO7870	Test ID	E83WBK
		Test date	2024-04-04

Specimen

Name	PO6825
Type	HR Dielectric Coating (HR>99.995% @ 1030 + R>50% +R_average>62% (best effort) @ 630-660 nm, AOI=0°)
Dimensions	Ø38.1 x 12.7 mm
Packaging	Plastic box
Storage before test	Normal laboratory conditions
Dust blow-off	Canned air
Cleaning	None

Measurement

Method	Photothermal common-path interferometry (PCI)
Regime	Tansmission
Protocols	Longitudinal scan (L-scan), Time scan, Transverse scan (T-scan).

SUMMARY OF MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Wavelength	AOI	Polarization	Location	Sample absorption *
1064.0 nm	(2.0 ± 1.0) deg	Linear P	Front surface (S1)	$0.50^{+0.36}_{-0.28}$ ppm

* Sample absorption is evaluated from Transverse scan protocol.

TEST EQUIPMENT

Definitions and test description

Photothermal common-path interferometry (PCI) for low absorption measurements is based on spatially resolved pump-probe techinque: low power probe beam senses the heating effect of an absorbed pump beam [1]. Several different scanning protocols are performed to measure the absorption of the sample.

Irradiation sources	Pump laser	Probe laser
Manufacturer	Ekspla	Lumentum
Model	Atlantic 80	1122P
Type	Mode-locked Nd:YVO4	Continuous wave HeNe
Central wavelength	1064 nm	632.8 nm
Angle of incidence	(2.0 ± 1.0) deg	(9.0 ± 1.0) deg
Polarization state	Linear P	Linear P
Spatial beam profile in target plane	TEM00	TEM00
Beam diameter in target plane (1/e2)	(75 ± 5) µm	(210 ± 5) µm
Pulse duration	10 ps	-
Repetition rate	1 MHz	-
Average power	(2.0199 ± 0.0061) W	(2.00 ± 0.05) mW

Measurement setup calibration	Surface
Calibration sample	UVFS ND filter
Absorption	23.1 %
Correction factor	1.0
Responsivity	$18.60^{+0.36}_{-0.90}$ 1/W

Power meter	
Manufacturer	Ophir
Model	12A-P
Calibration due date	2024-04

Test environment	
Environment	Air
Cleanroom class (ISO 14644-1)	ISO7
Pressure	1 bar
Temperature	22 C
Humidity	28 %

[1] A. Alexandrovski, M. Fejer, A. Markosian, and Roger Route "Photothermal common-path interferometry (PCI): new developments", Proc. SPIE 7193, Solid State Lasers XVIII: Technology and Devices, 71930D (28 February 2009)

LONGITUDINAL SCAN (L-SCAN) RESULTS

FRONT SURFACE (S1)

Scan parameters

Scanning axis	Longitudinal (from S1 to S2)
Scanning distance	10.0 mm
Scanning step	20 µm
Pump laser power	(2.0130 ± 0.0071) W
Number of scans	1

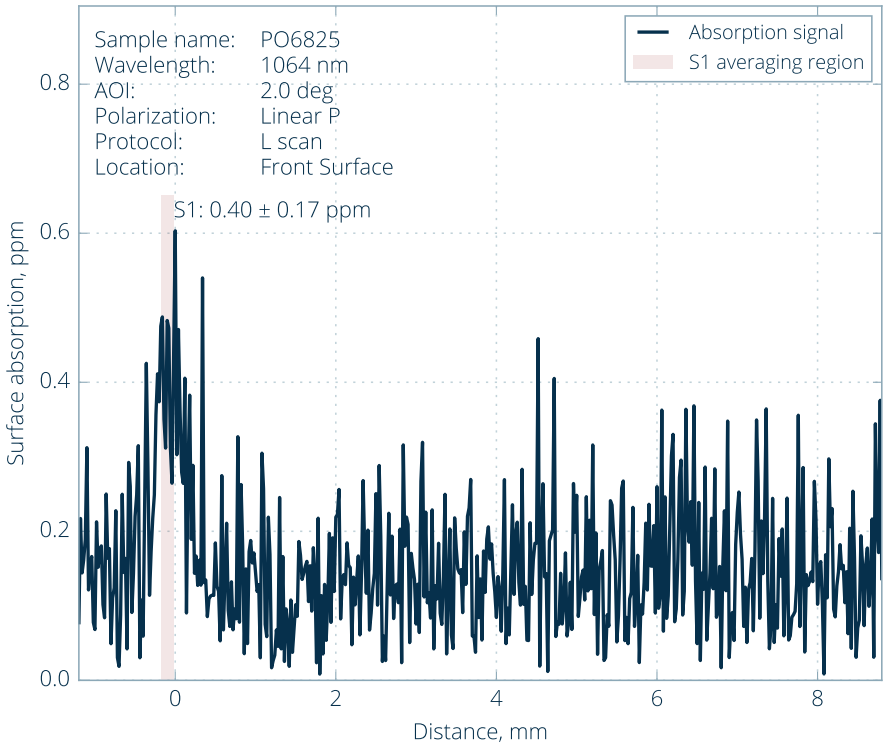


Figure 1. Longitudinal scan.

The central peaks, found at S1 and/or S2 positions, indicate the points where the pump and probe beams traverse the entrance (S1) and exit (S2) surfaces. The peak value of the signal corresponds to the surface absorptance, however, the secondary peaks (sidelobes) surrounding central peak should be regarded as part of the surface response function and lack any physical significance.

It's important to emphasize that the recorded scan distance between S1 and S2 is affected by refraction index of optical medium and therefore deviating from the actual physical thickness of the sample. The reported values are calibrated using a surface etalon sample. In cases where optical elements exhibit substantial bulk absorption, he longitudinal scan signal includes a central baseline that should be subtracted when estimating surface absorptance. The bulk absorptance portion of the signal necessitates a separate calibration process and should be interpreted separately.

Absorption values in L-scan figure are displayed only for comparison purpose, because absorption might change during the L-scan procedure. Temporal absorption changes can be seen in Time-scan results.

TIME SCAN RESULTS

FRONT SURFACE (S1)

Scan parameters

Scanning axis	Time
Scanning duration	686 s
Scanning step	1 s
Pump laser power	(2.0250 ± 0.0065) W
Number of scans	1

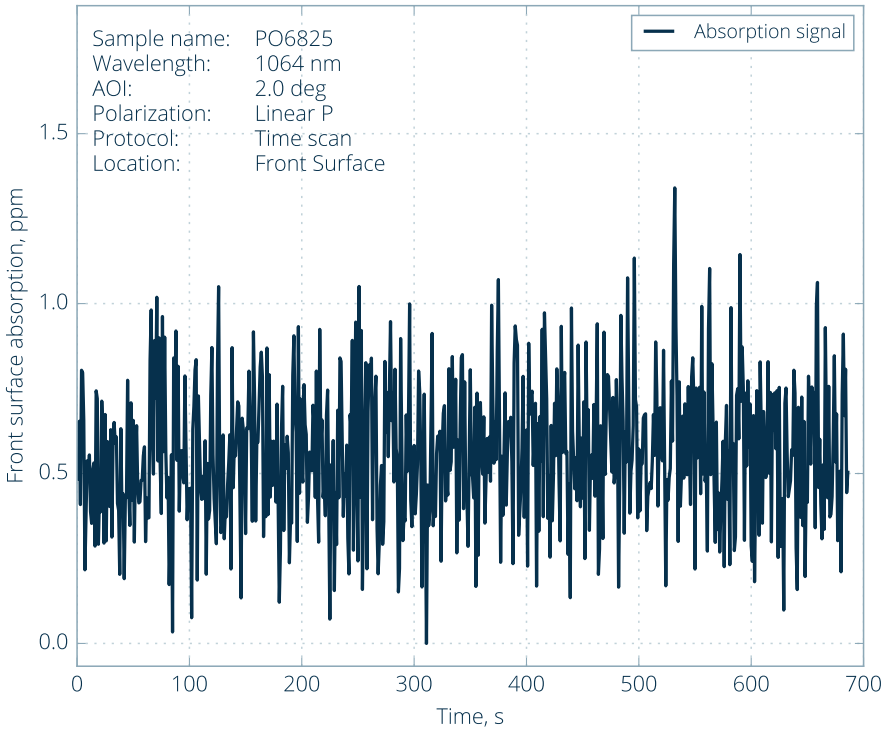


Figure 2. Time scan on front surface (S1) .

TRANSVERSE SCAN (T-SCAN) RESULTS

FRONT SURFACE (S1)

Definitions and protocol description

Sample absorption is defined as median absorption value of T-scan measurement. Uncertainty is evaluated as minimum and maximum absorption values of T-scan measurement without outliers, i.e. within range [Q1 - 1.5 · IQR, Q3 + 1.5 · IQR], where Q1 - first quartile, Q3 - third quartile, IQR - interquartile range.

Scan parameters

Scanning axis	Transverse (vertical)
Scanning distance	3.0 mm
Scanning step	36 µm
Pump laser power	(2.0199 ± 0.0061) W
Number of scans	1

Scan results

Sample absorption	$0.50^{+0.36}_{-0.28}$ ppm

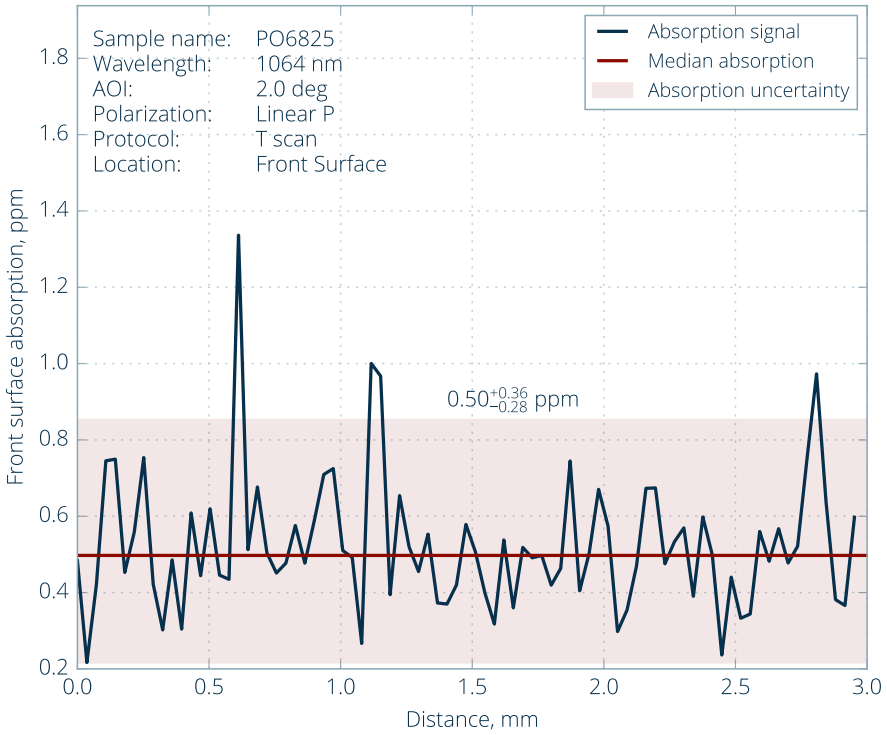


Figure 3. Transverse scan on front surface (S1) .

TESTING LOCATION

FRONT SURFACE (S1)

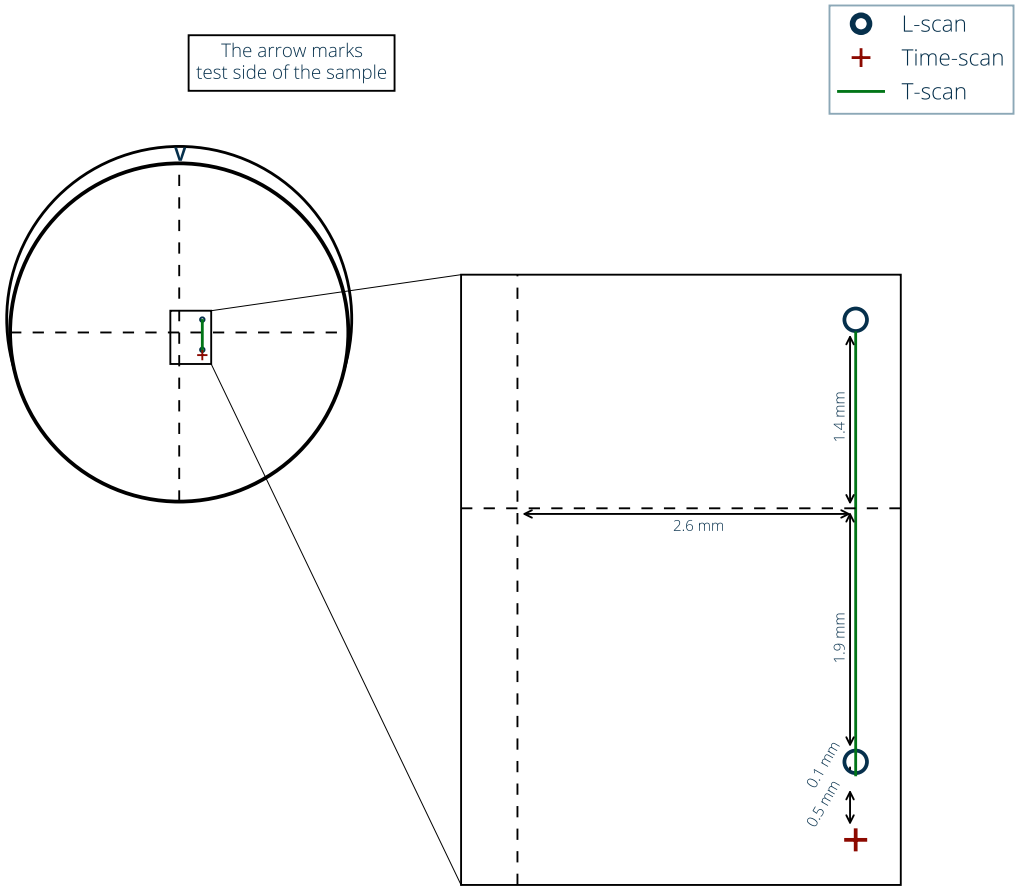


Figure 4. Measured sites on the sample.